



Essentials of Formal Logic with Joelle Hodge

Lesson 22: Chapter 6.4

Outline:

Chapter 6, Lesson 6.4

- Relationships of Equivalence
- The Converse Relationship
- Points to Remember
 - The converse relationship preserves equivalence for only *E* and *I* propositions.
 - Conversion is accomplished by switching the subject and predicate terms.
 - This occurs because the subject and predicate are distributed to the same degree.
 - *A* and *O* propositions cannot use the converse relationship because switching their subject and predicate terms does not create a logically equivalent proposition.

